## **Government Effectiveness**

Government effectiveness captures perceptions of the quality of public services, the quality of the civil service and the degree of its independence from political pressures, the quality of policy formulation and implementation, and the credibility of the government's commitment to such policies. This table lists the individual variables from each data source used to construct this measure in the Worldwide Governance Indicators. Please note that the table refers to the questions in the most recently-used edition of each source in the WGI. Questions in some sources have changed over time and some sources have been discontinued from the WGI. For more details, please refer to the data files for each source available at www.govindicators.org.

## **Representative Sources**

EIU Quality of bureaucracy / institutional effectiveness

Excessive bureacucracy / red tape

**GCS** Quality of road infrastructure

Quality of primary education

**GWP** Satisfaction with public transportation system

Satisfaction with roads and highways

Satisfaction with education system

IPD Coverage area: public school

Coverage area: basic health services

Coverage area: drinking water and sanitation

Coverage area: electricity grid

Coverage area: transport infrastructure

Coverage area: maintenance and waste disposal

PRS Bureaucratic quality

WMO Infrastructure disruption. This reflects the likelihood of disruption to and/or inadequacy of infrastructure for transport, including due to terrorism/insurgency, strikes, politically motivated shutdowns, natural disasters; infrastructure includes (as relevant) roads, railways, airports, ports, and customs checkpoints.

State failure. The risk the state is unable to exclusively ensure law and order, and the supply of basic goods such as food, water, infrastructure, and energy, or is unable to respond to or manage current or likely future emergencies, including natural disasters and financial or economic crises.

Policy instability. The risk the government's broad policy framework shifts over the next year, making the business environment more challenging. This might include more onerous employment or environmental regulation; local content requirements; import/export barriers, tariffs, or quotas; other protectionist measures; price controls or caps; more "political" control of monetary policy, or simply more direct intervention into the operations and decisions of private companies etc

## **Non-representative Sources**

ADB Quality of public administration

Quality of budgetary and financial management

Efficiency of revenue mobilization

AFR Handling improving basic health services

Efficiency of revenue mobilization

Handling addressing educational needs

ASD Quality of public administration

Quality of budgetary & financial management

BPS How problematic is electricity for the growth of your business?

How problematic is transportation for the growth of your business?

BTI Consensus building (MI)

Steering capability (MI)

Resource efficiency

**EQI** Quality of Education System

Quality of Health Care System

GII Civil service integrity

Public management

Business environment & infrastructure

Welfare

Health and education

IFD Allocation & management of public resources for rural development

**LBO** Trust in government

PIA Quality of public administration

Quality of budgetary and financial manangement

Efficiency of revenue mobilization

WBS Electricity as an obstacle

Transport as an obstacle

Tax administration as an obstacle

WCY Adaptability of government policy to changes in the economy is high

Bureaucracy does not hinder business activity

The distribution infrastructure of goods and services is generally efficient

## Code Data Source Name

ADB African Development Bank Country Policy and Institutional Assessments

AFR Afrobarometer

ASD Asian Development Bank Country Policy and Institutional Assessments

BPS Business Enterprise Environment Survey BTI Bertelsmann Transformation Index CCR Freedom House Countries at the Crossroads **EBR** European Bank for Reconstruction and Development Transition Report EIU Economist Intelligence Unit Riskwire & Democracy Index EQI European Quality of Government Index (Underlying Survey Data) FRH Freedom House GCB Transparency International Global Corruption Barometer Survey GCS World Economic Forum Global Competitiveness Report GII Global Integrity Index **GWP** Gallup World Poll HER Heritage Foundation Index of Economic Freedom Human Rights Measurement Initiative HRM HUM Cingranelli Richards Human Rights Database and Political Terror Scale IFD IFAD Rural Sector Performance Assessments IJT Crisis24 Sountry Security Assessment Rating IPD Institutional Profiles Database IRP African Electoral Index LBO Latinobarometro MSI International Research and Exchanges Board Vibrant Information Barometer OBI International Budget Project Open Budget Index World Bank Country Policy and Institutional Assessments PIA PRC Political Economic Risk Consultancy Corruption in Asia Survey PRS Political Risk Services International Country Risk Guide RSF Reporters Without Borders Press Freedom Index TPR US State Department Trafficking in People Report VAB Vanderbilt University Americas Barometer VDM Varieties of Democracy Project

Institute for Management and Development World Competitiveness Yearbook

WBS

WCY

WJP

World Bank Enterprise Surveys

WMO S&P Global Country Risk Service

World Justice Project Rule of Law Index