

Jobs since the Great Recession

David A. Robalino Lead Economist - Leader Labor and Youth Team The World Bank



DIRECTIONS IN DEVELOPMENT Human Development

Working through the Crisis

Jobs and Policies in Developing Countries during the Great Recession

> Arup Banerji David Newhouse Pierella Paci David Robalino *Editors*



Max 18C, min 5C Tuesday September 16 2008 timesonline.co.uk No 69430 Lehman collapse sends shockwave round world

nares and oil prices plunge, thousands lose jobs y Duncan Economics Editor

s of a global financial meltdown yesterday as the world's biggest ruptcy plunged markets into

vestors were left reeling as the ot demise of the Lehman Brothinvestment bank sparked the st shake-up on Wall Street in

other of US capitalism's biggest utions, Merrill Lynch, is to be wed by Bank of America in a illion takeover to save it from

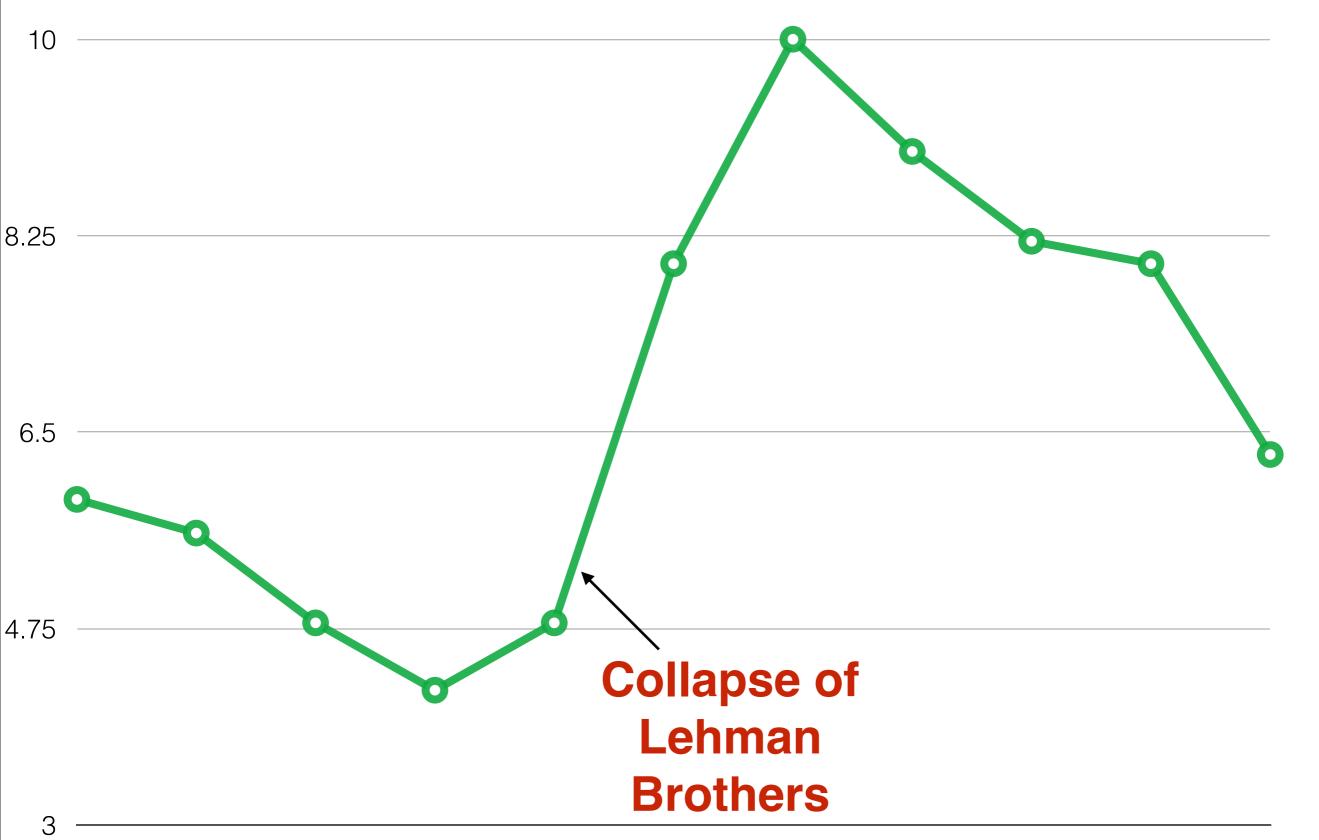
es fell as fear spread through ancial system. Central banks unirgent measures amid concerns e world economy was entering erous new phase. The Bank of injected £5 billion of emerending into money markets

Dow Jones industrial average was down 300 points, or 2.6 per cent. Sentiment was also bolstered by steep falls in oil prices, which dropped by more than \$5 a barrel to \$96, closing under \$100 for the first time in six months and raising hopes that cheaper fuel would ease economic stresses on Western nations.

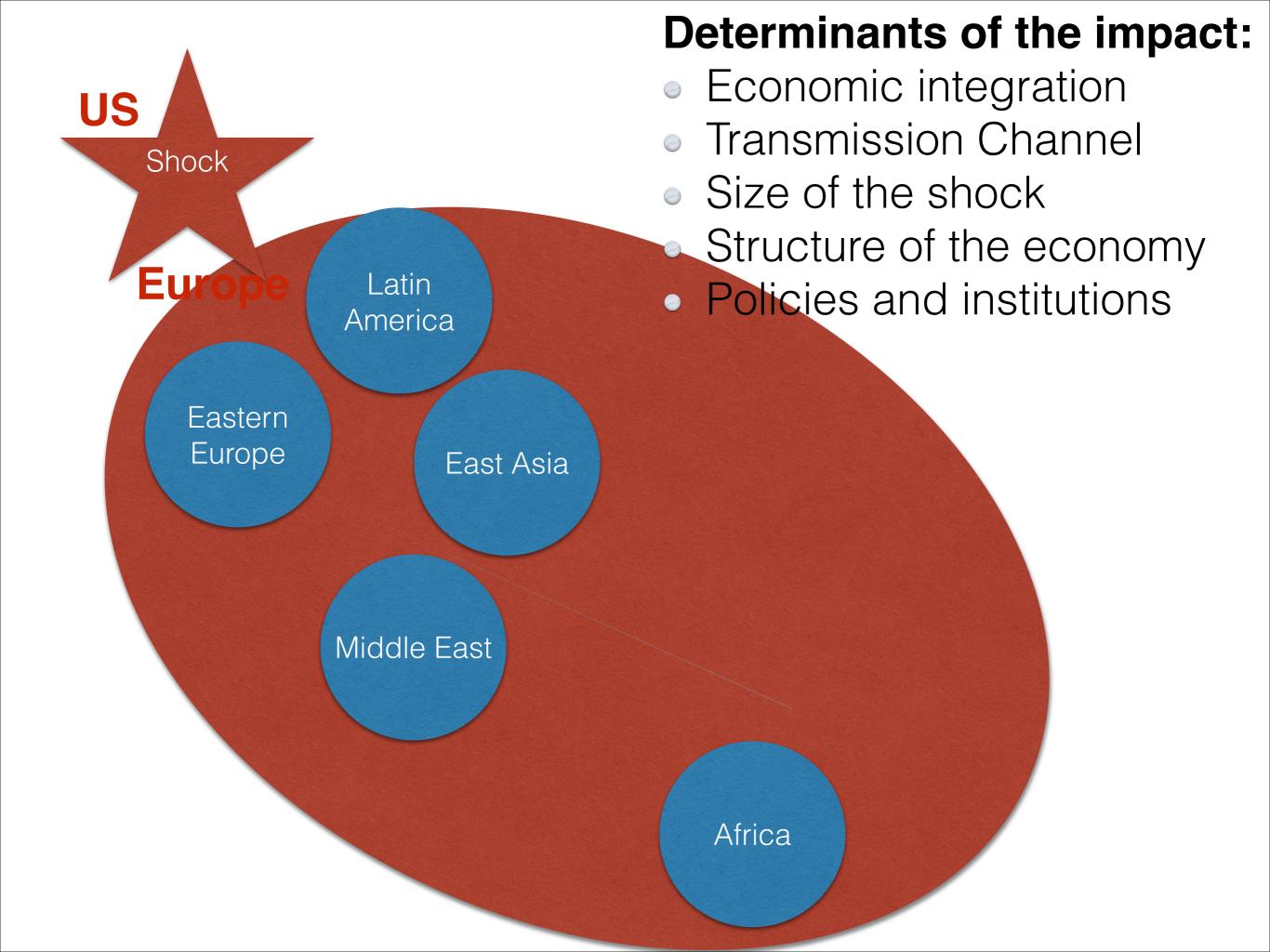
However, by close of trading the Dow had fallen by more than 500 points - its biggest one-day drop since the reopening after the September 11 attacks — as concerns mounted over the world's largest insurer. Shares in American International Group (AIG), which sponsors Manchester United, fell by 45 per cent after it made an unprecedented approach to the US Federal Reserve for \$40 billion in emergency funding. Last night the Fed asked Cald



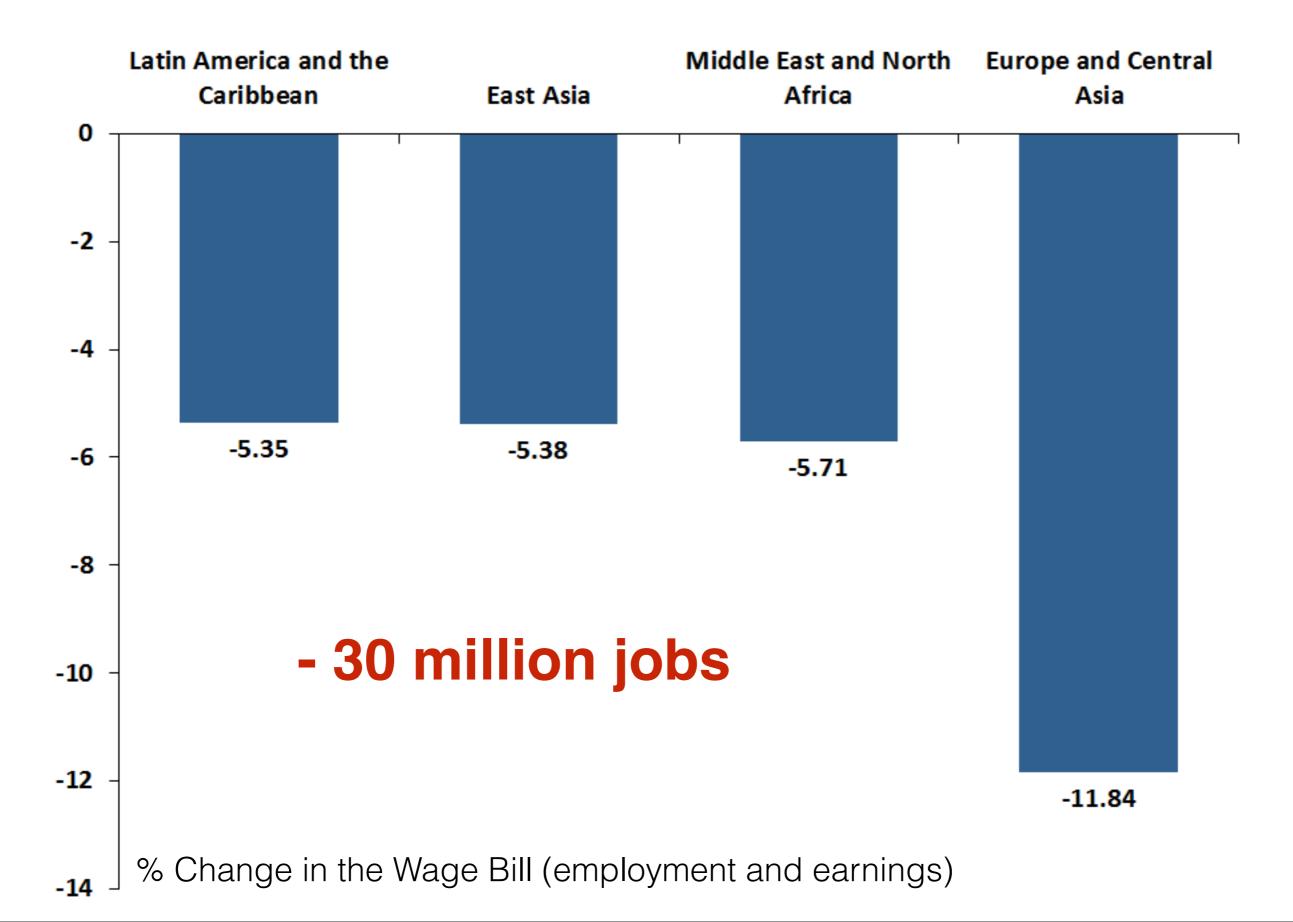
Unemployment in the United States



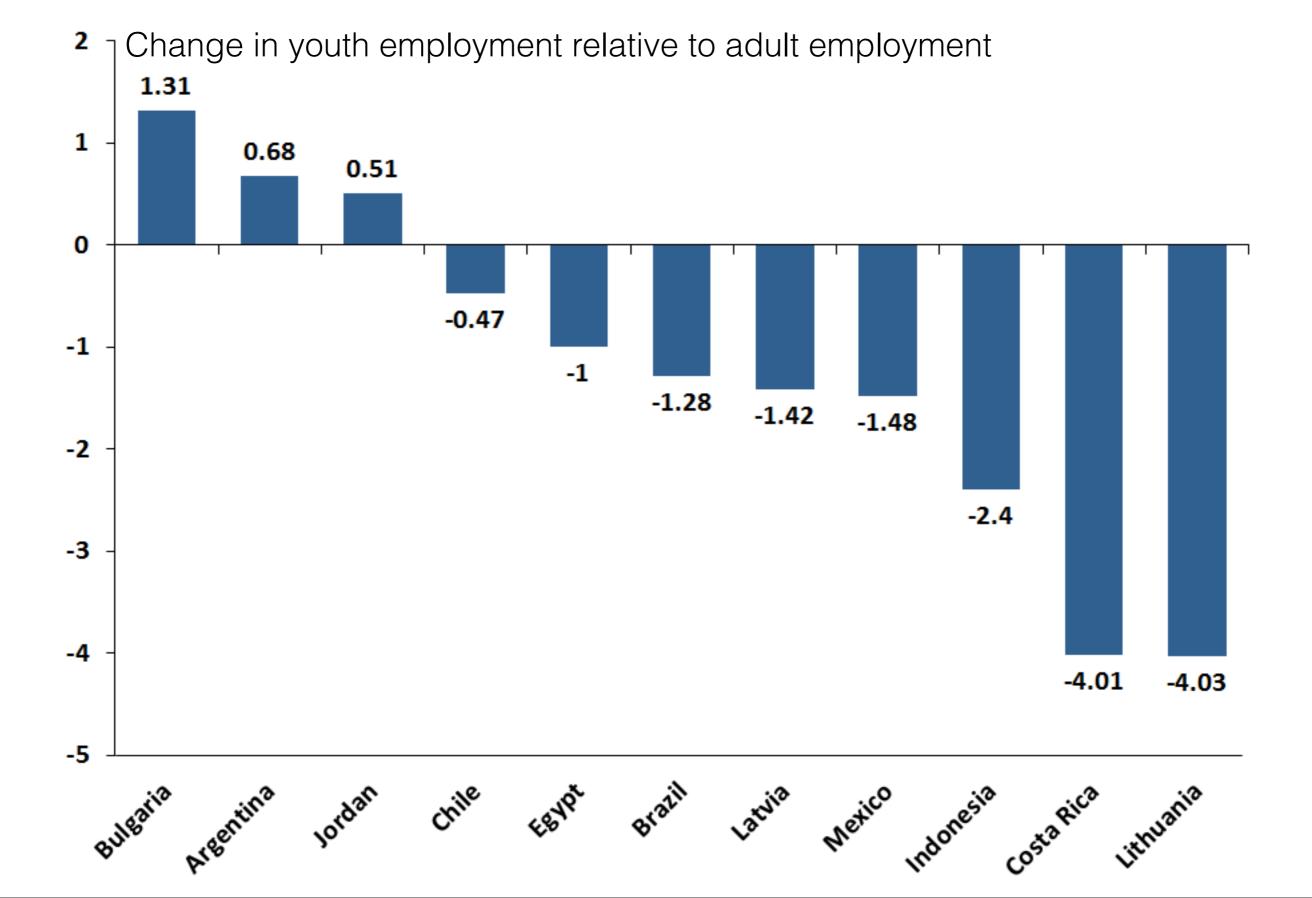
Jan 2004 Jan 2005 Jan 2006 Jan 2007 Jan 2008 Jan 2009 Jan 2010 Jan 2011 Jan 2012 Jan 2013 Jan 2014



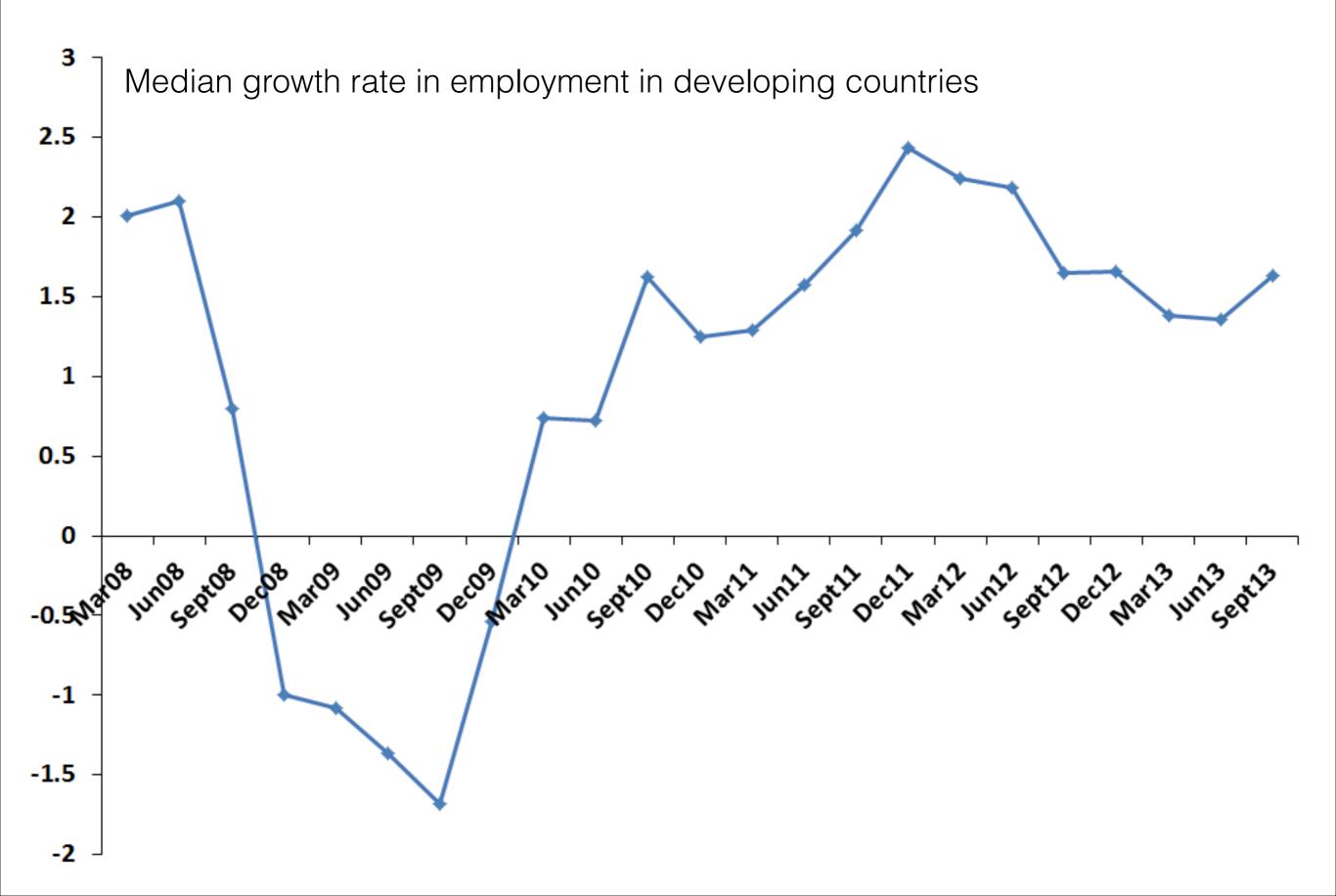
The crisis affected employment and earnings worldwide



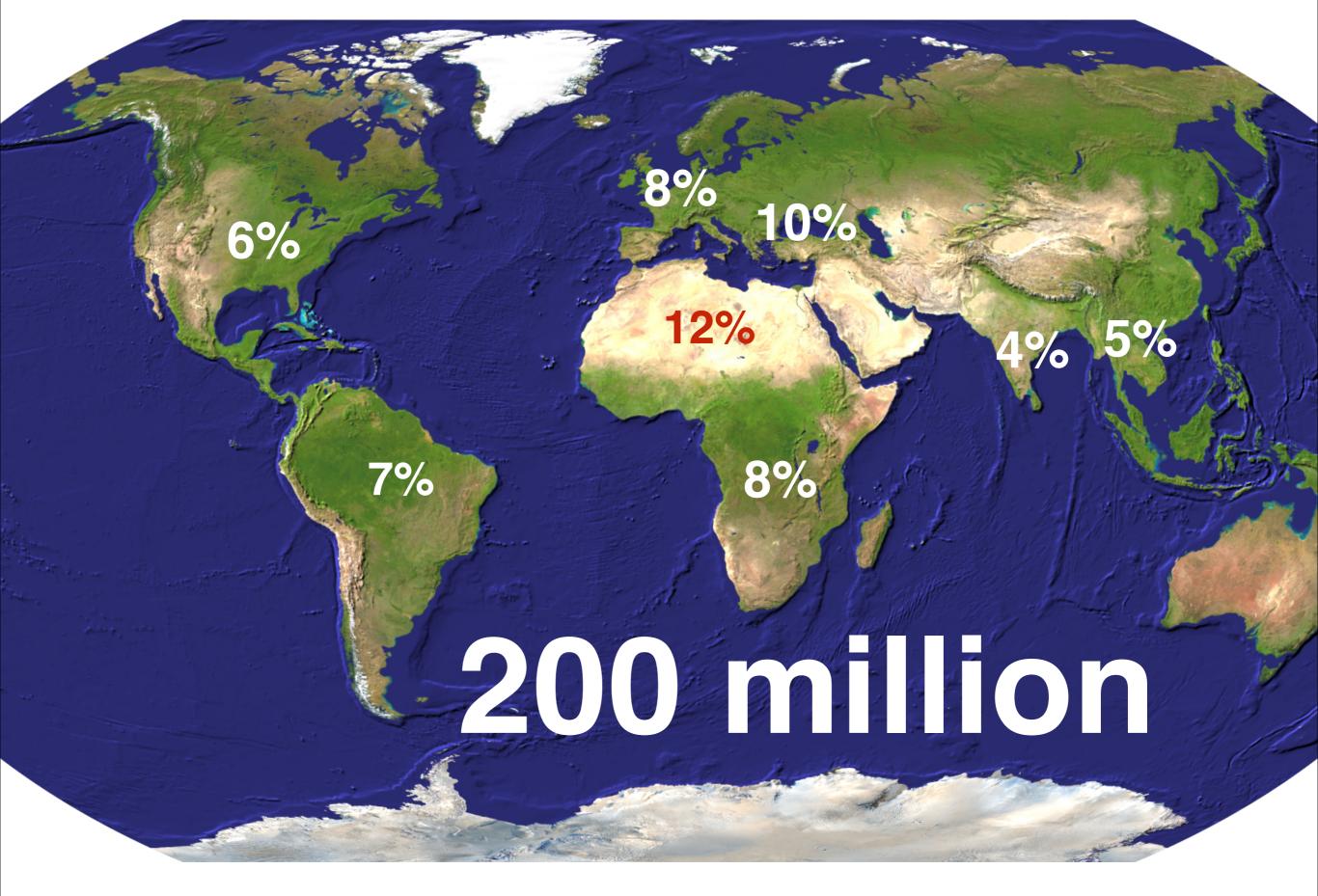
Youth were often more affected than adults



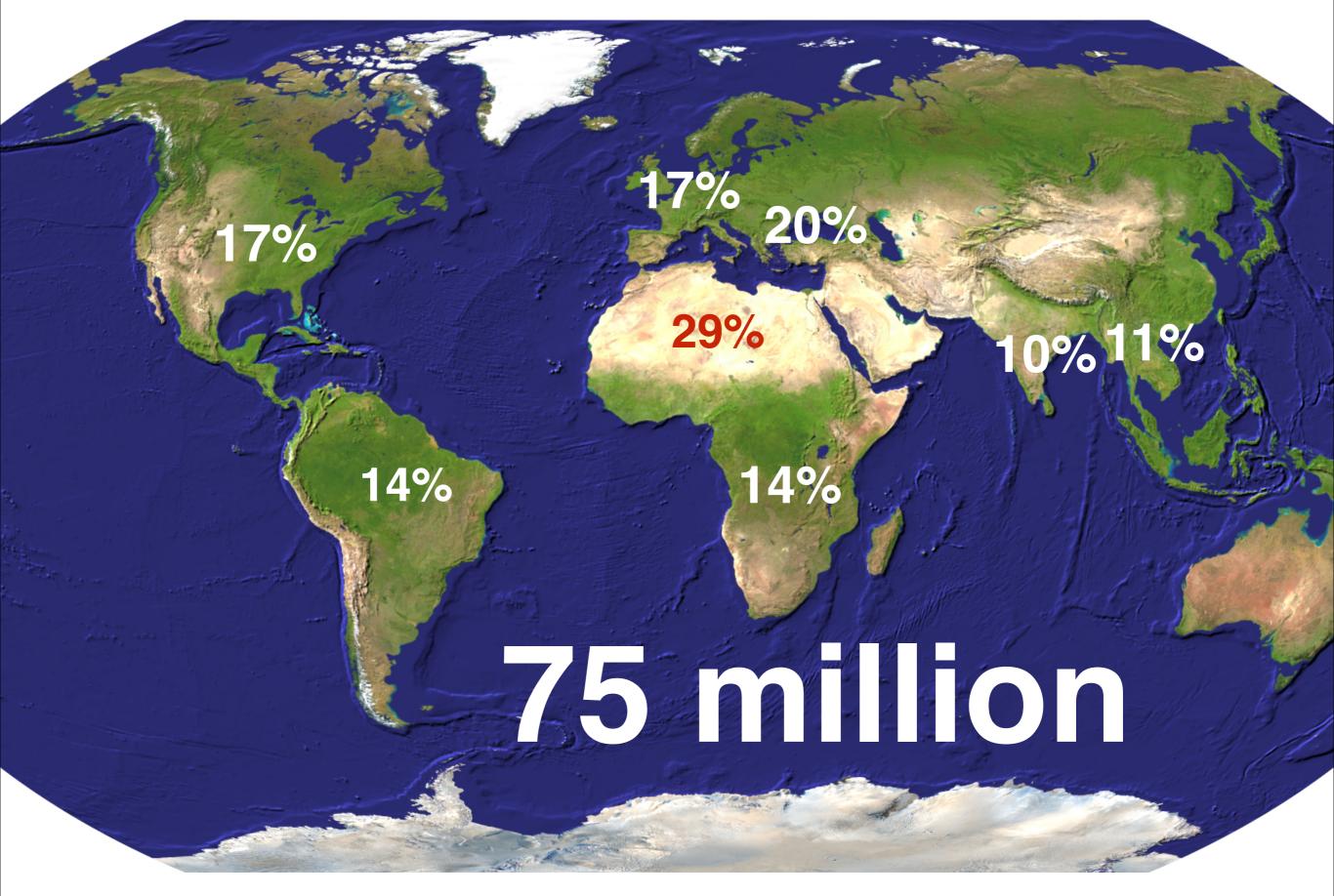
The recovery has been slow



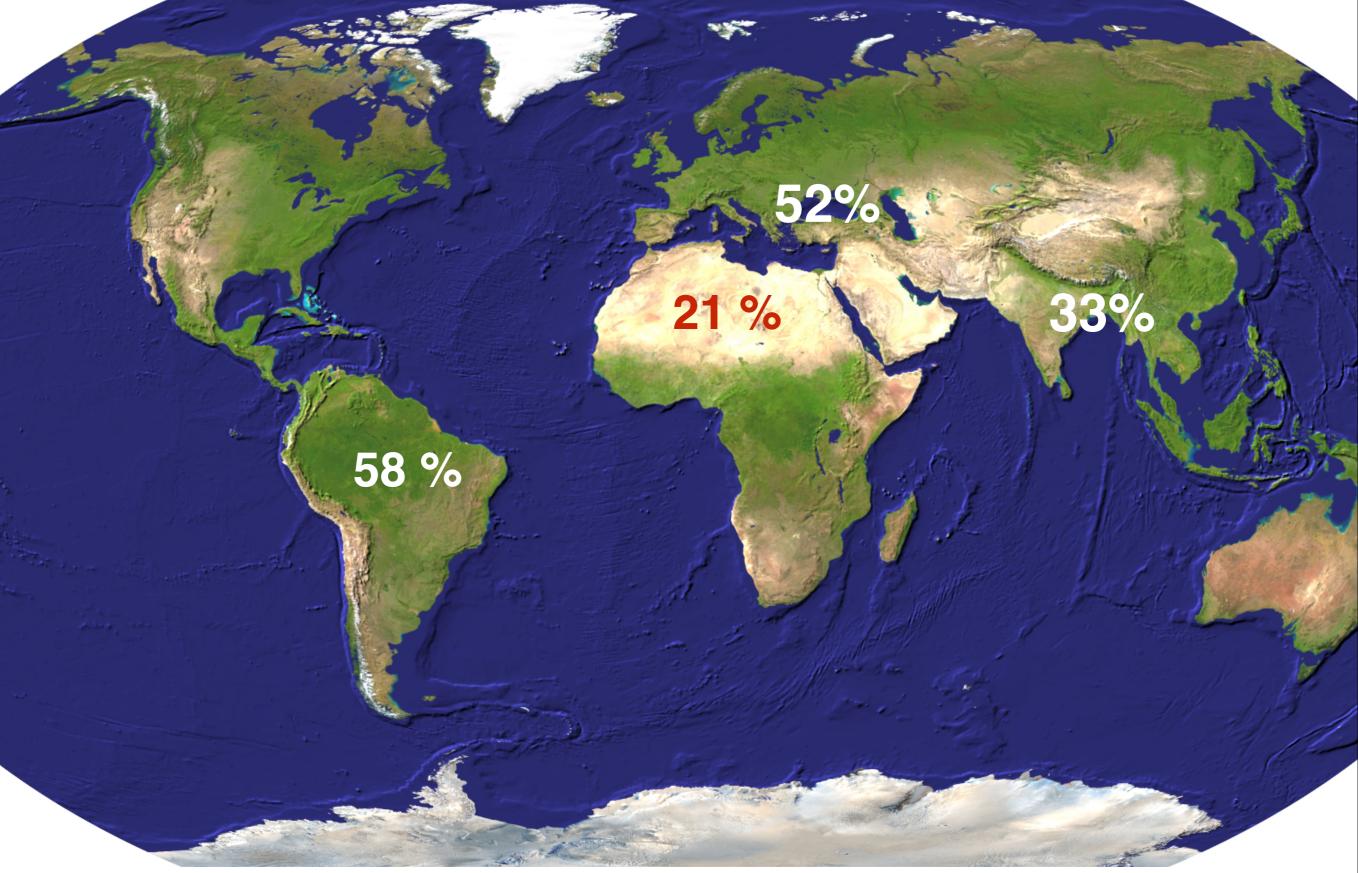
1. High unemployment...



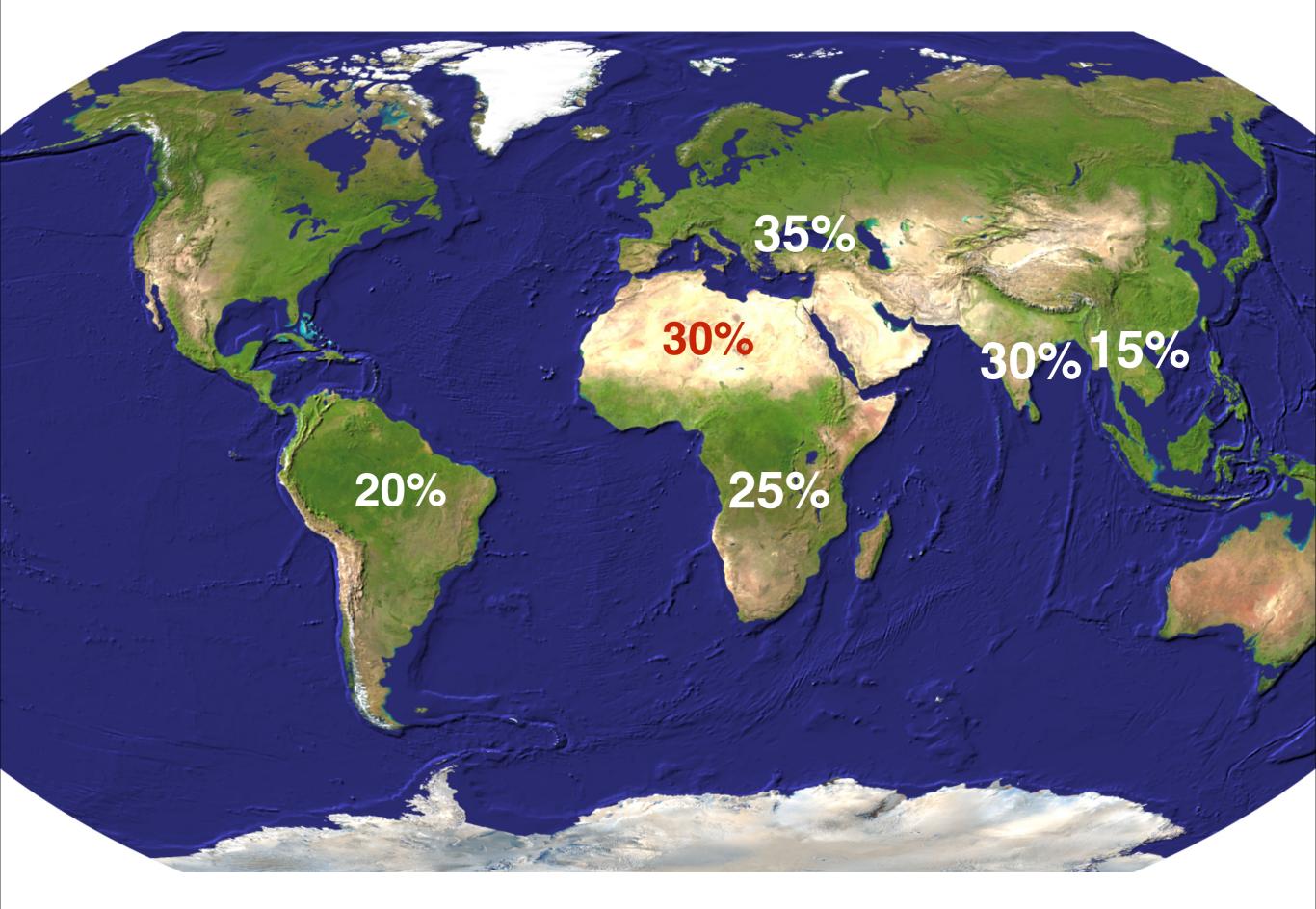
... particularly among youth



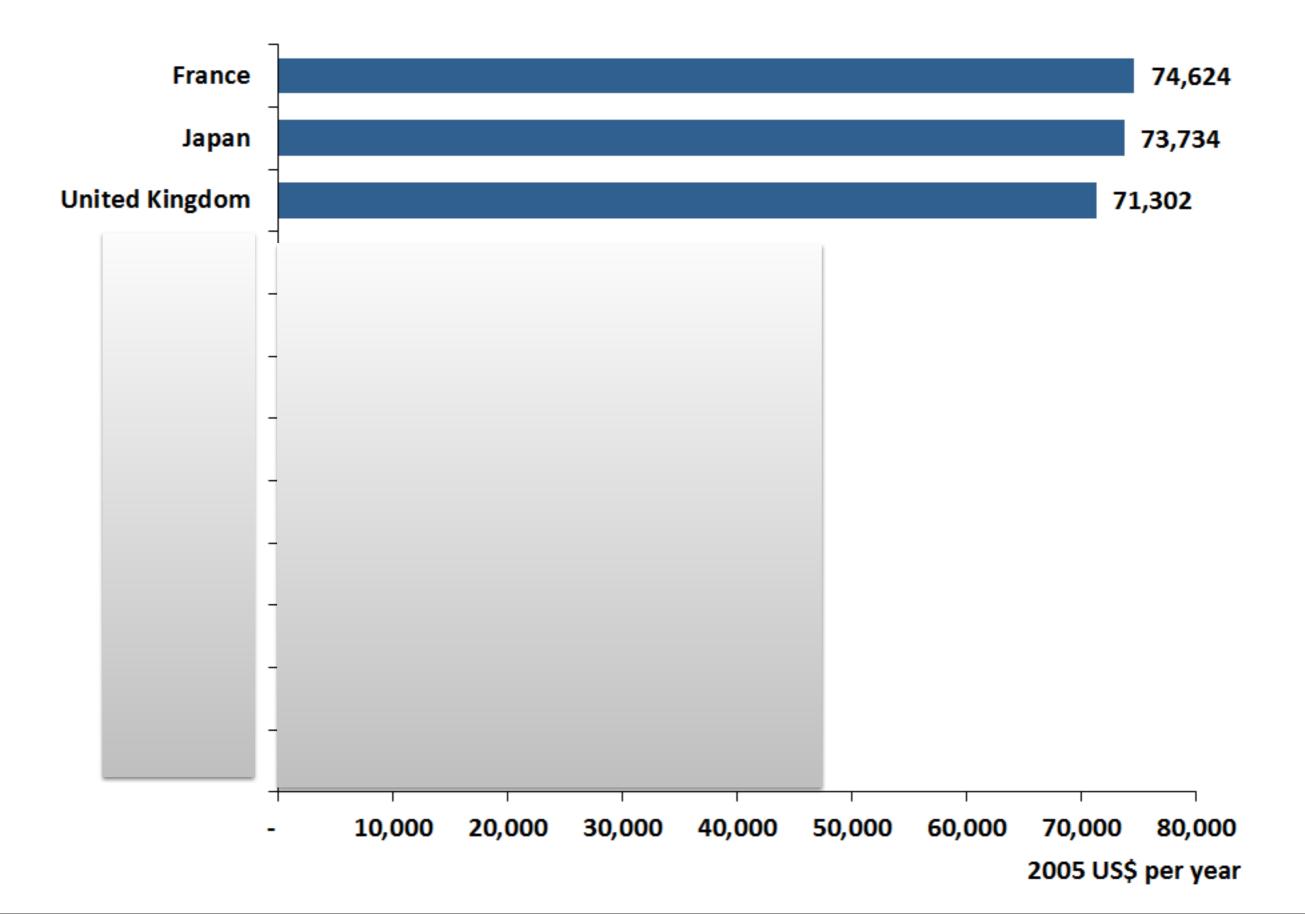
2. Many do not participate in the labor market, particularly women...



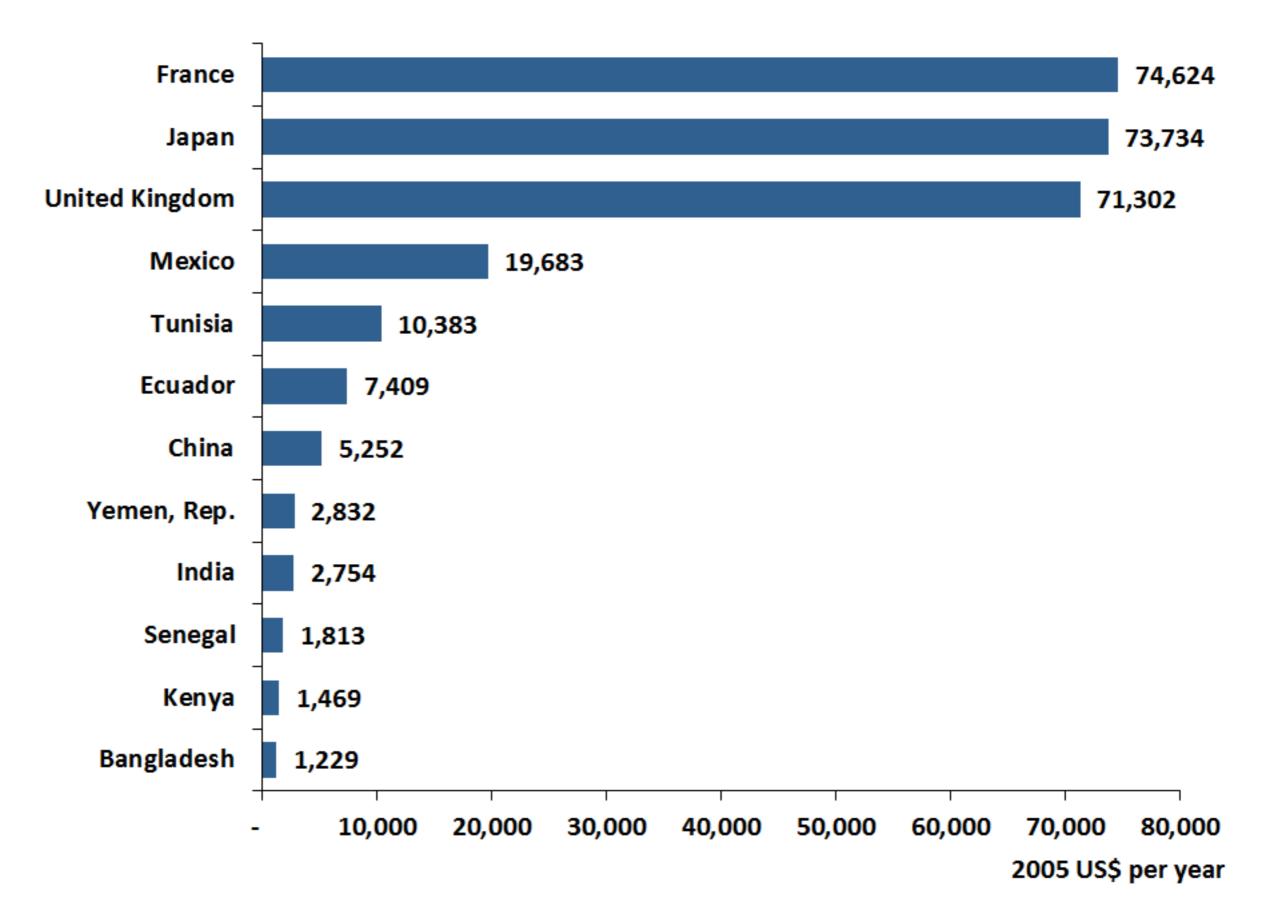
... and youth who are not studying or looking for a job



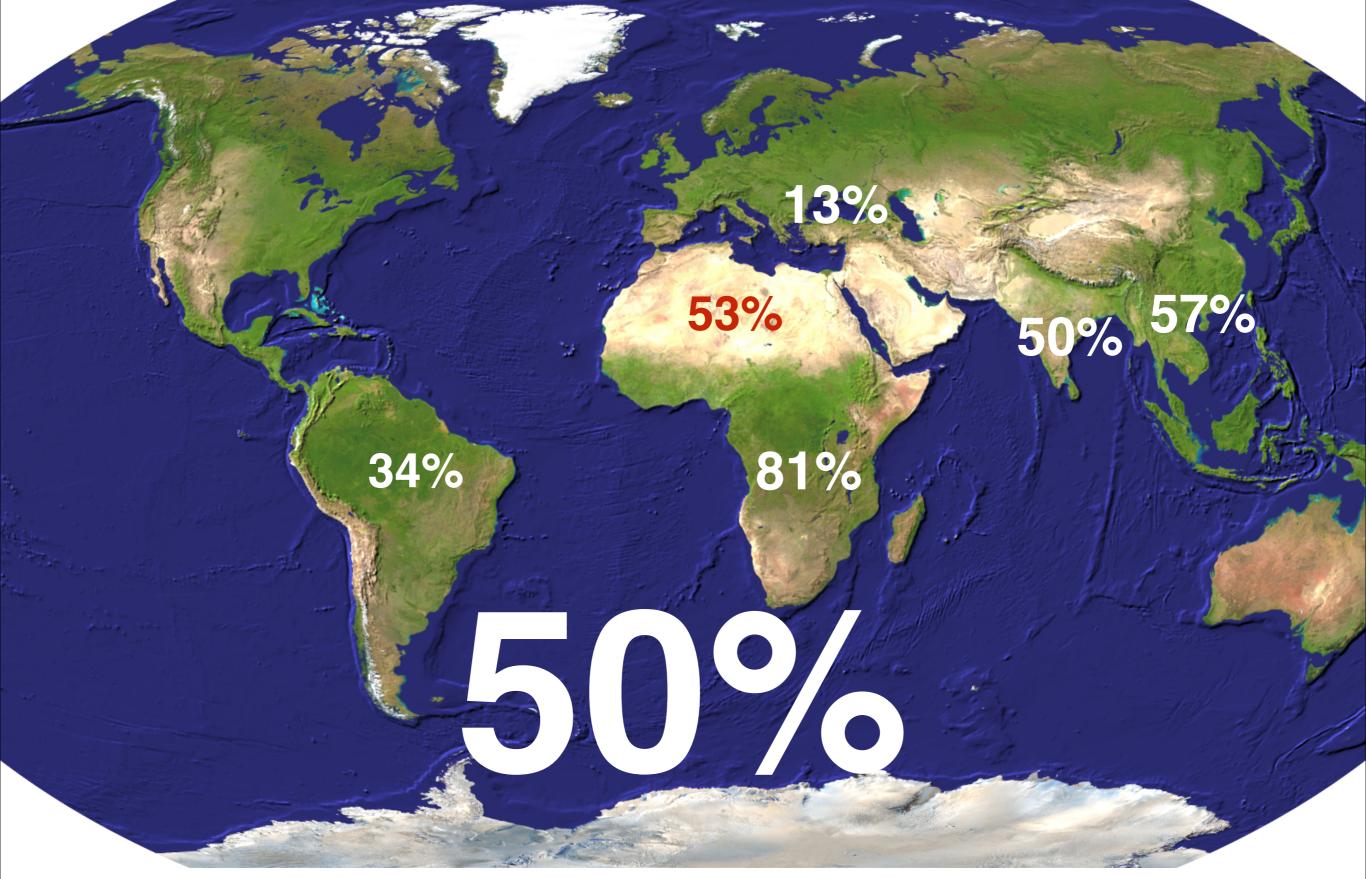
3. Very low labor productivity



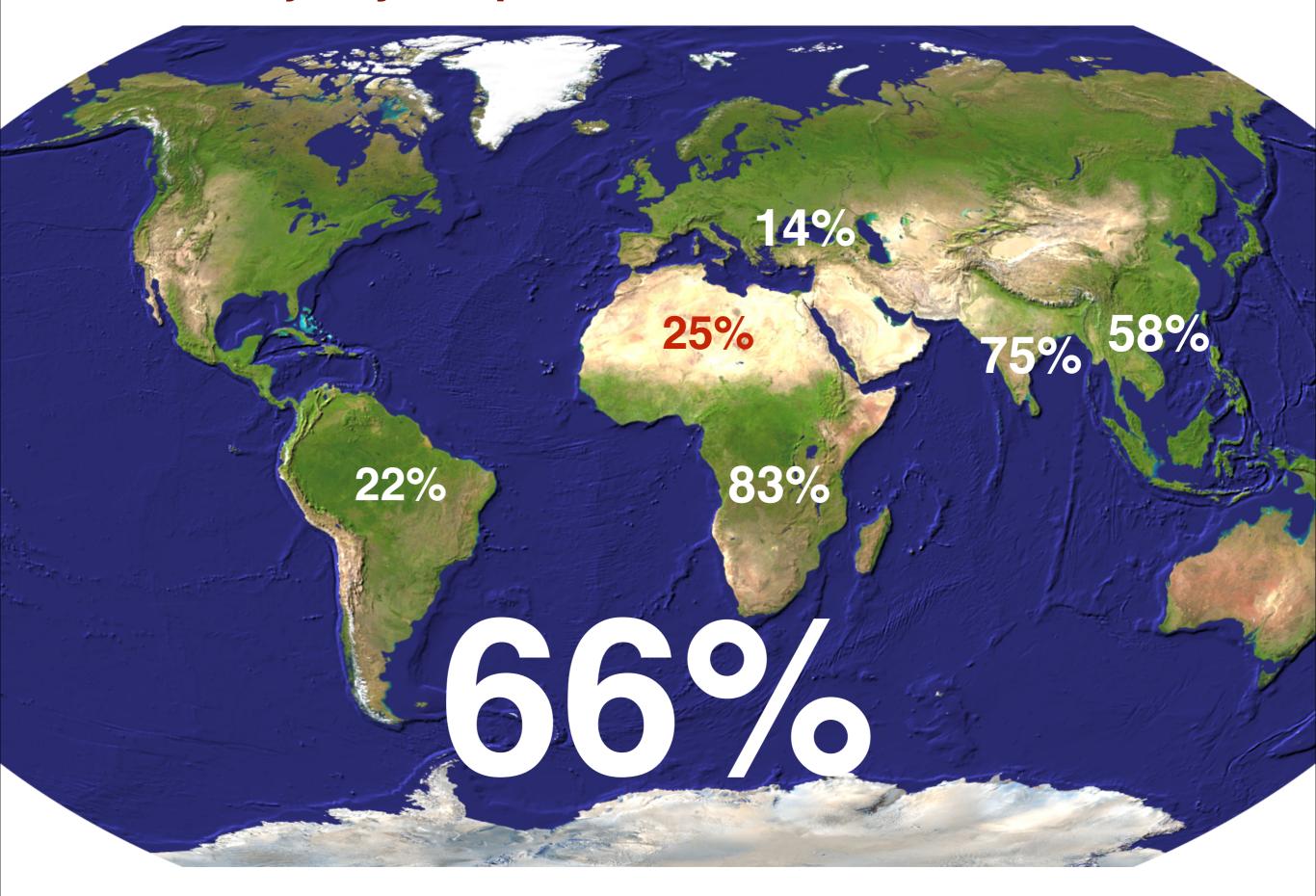
Very low labor productivity



A large share of workers are (self) employed in low productivity activities



And the majority are poor



Three factors that will affect the future of jobs

Skills

Demographics

Technological change