

#### Professional Higher Education

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#### Double goal



- Characteristics of excellent professional HE
- Challenges in European professional HE

#### Double perspective



- Flemish University Colleges
  - 'Academisation' of programmes ...
  - Almost binarity (PHE / AHE) on institutional level
- Eurashe: representing and promoting PHE in all types of institutions





#### Already a European Challenge #1!



# Harmonising Approaches To Professional Higher Education In Europe

www.eurashe.eu/haphe

#### **Features of Professional Higher Education**



- A strong link with the world of employment & with enterprises
- Close involvement of all stakeholders (including students)
- Regional embedding of education& research
- Practice-oriented & competence-based
- Accessible and labour-market oriented
- Flexibile schemes and study programmes for new groups of learners, following new requirements of the labour market

#### So



- 1) Try to characterize (good) PHE
- 2) Challenges following this characterization
- 3) Some preliminary Haphe results

#### USP of PHE



Prof. **EQF** Orientation (5) 6 - 7Linked to Comparable and specific transferrable contexts

#### **EQF**



#### Knowledge

#### Skills

#### Competences

- e.g. 6 -> advanced knowledge ...
  - -> manage complex technical professional activities
- e.g. 7 -> highly specialized knowledge
  - -> responsibility for contributing to prof. knowledge

### Commonly accepted?



Why do some professional graduates (BA or Ma!) experience trouble to prove their value?

What about specifications (of science / of arts)?

What about rankings?

Challenge #2: Europe should fight this kind of discrimination



#### Professional orientation

Bachelor and master education in specific professional contexts

Content

Work forms

Network

Practice-oriented research

#### Content



- Professional examples, use and relevance
   But generally applicable and on scientific base
- Analytical and scientific but applied in professional situations
- Specifically applied, generally transferable

(e.g. IT, anatomy, communication, psychology)

#### Work forms



#### Similarity to professional working contexts

Internships/work placements/work place learning

Not applying the learned, but learning through applying

Different contexts: flexibility and transferability Projects/problem solving/assignments

#### Work forms



# Building a strong professional learning environment

Also case studies, simulations, labs, final theses In cooperation with world of work Assessed by people outside university

Extra: more general skills and attitudes linked to professional contexts



#### Challenge #3: financing

These types of work forms cost a lot of effort and money

#### **Networks**



Teaching staff with professional experience Visiting professionals

Network building through work placements, cases, study visits ...

Network for curriculum/university/staff
Network for graduates

Innovation and improvement of all partners



# Challenge #4: professional versus political network





**Applied** 

**Demand driven** 

Close cooperation with world of work

Extra for SMEs and social-profit

Involving staff and students

Innovation driver

Benefits for students, staff, society



# Challenge #5: promote recognition and funding of practice oriented research

#### Challenges



#### **Previously:**

Challenge #1: Define PHE

Challenge #2: End discrimination of PHE

Challenge #3: Recognize financial demands of

PHE

Challenge #4: Empower professional networks

Challenge #5: Promote practice-oriented

research

#### Challenges



#### More:

Challenge #6: Academic drift

Challenge #7: Professional drift

Challenge #8: Professional narrowing



**HAPHE Survey Results** 

Prepared for the Eurashe conference Split

Prepared by Prof. Dr. Nicole Graf, Raimund Hudak DHBW Stuttgart, Germany



### Survey of PHE in Europe

#### **Survey Objectives**

- ➤ The survey had to ask the main national actors in PHE (be they umbrella organisations for PHE, groups of institutions or government bodies), in at least 15 member states.
- The survey had two aims:
  - to characterise the nature of PHE provision in the respective countries.
  - to collect the national stakeholders' views on PHE.



# **Key Findings (1)**

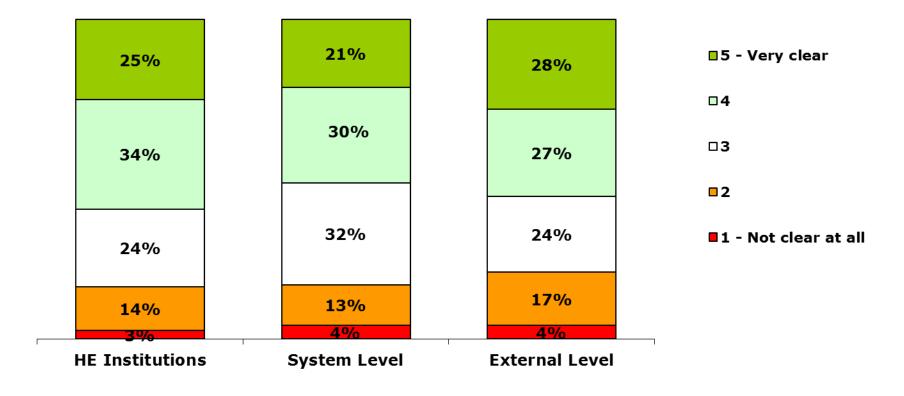
Meaning and Forms of Professional Higher Education

- For most stakeholders the term "Professional Higher Education" (PHE) is clear.
- There is a growing demand for well profiled PHE in all countries.
- More than 50 % of the survey participants perceive that economic and educational policies are the main drivers for PHE.



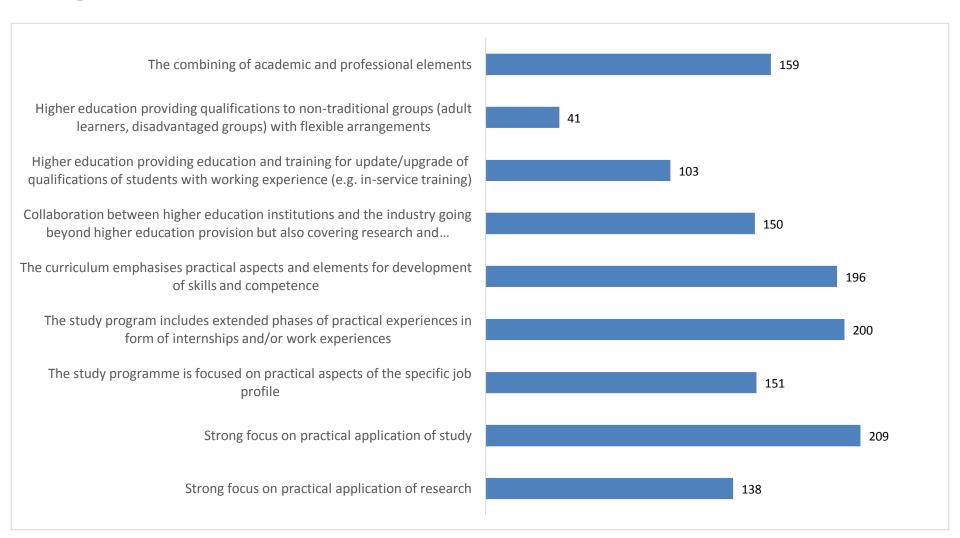
### Q3: In your understanding: Is the term "Professional Higher Education" clear?

Meaning and Forms of Professional Higher Education





### **Characteristics of PHE**





# **Key Findings (2)**

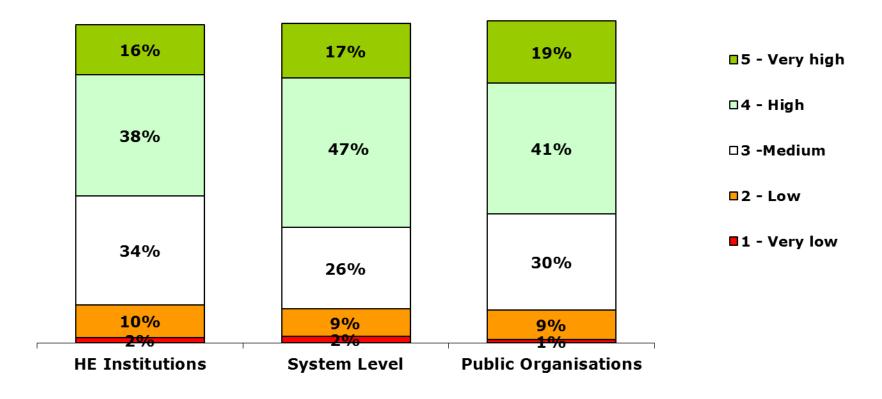
- A significant number of participants perceive that the cooperation between higher education and professional sphere is not existent.
- More than 50% of all participants stated that the importance of PHE in the labour market is high....
- ... but the rate of the current offer / fulfilment is rather medium.



# Q13: Please qualify the actual demand for PHE programmes from the labour market and the offer / fulfillment of HE institutions in your country.

State of Implementation of Professional Higher Education

Rate the importance of PHE in your labour market





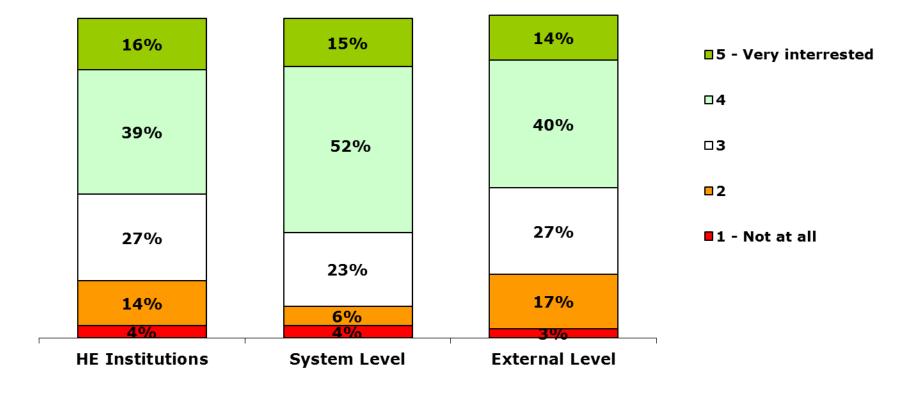
# **Key Findings (3)**

- More than 60% of survey responses are stating that the majority of higher-education institutions are interested in developing and implementing PHE in their country.
- Also international policies, trends or benchmarks support the development of PHE across all analyzed countries.
- Regulations, guidelines or policies that explicitly define the shape and particular structure of PHE exist mostly, but shows room for improvement.



# Q21. Are the majority of higher-education institutions interested in developing and implementing PHE in your country?







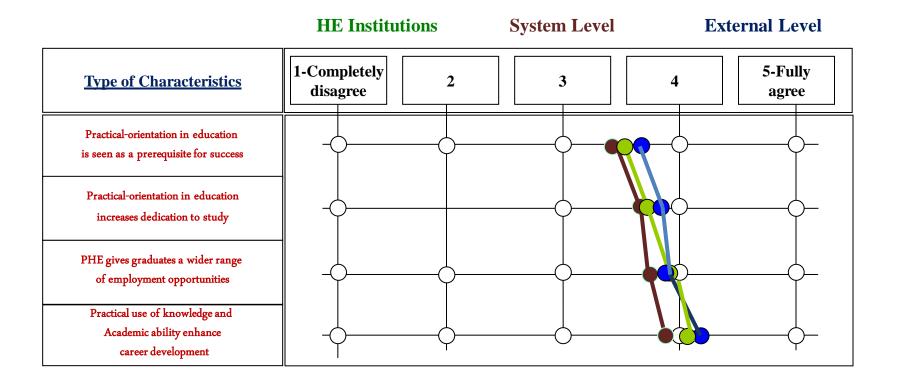
# **Key Findings (4)**

- More than 80% of all participants comment that over the next years, industry demand for employees with qualifications combining practical skills and academic higher education will increase.
- And more than 90% are stating that the need for qualified employees is the primary motivator for professional sphere.
- And that the student retention and completion rate will increase with PHE.



### Q27. How would you rate each of the following characteristics of PHE with regards to the outcomes and benefits of PHE?

Trends and Drivers for Professional Higher Education





Topic 3: In your opinion, what action should your government and stakeholders take to increase professional-oriented education and in its relationship with the market? (How to stimulate PHE in your country)



- Improve the definition
- Partnership between academic and PHE
- Marketing for the image of PHE
- Provision of labour market needs, trends...
- Measure the outcome
- Show the quality of PHE



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