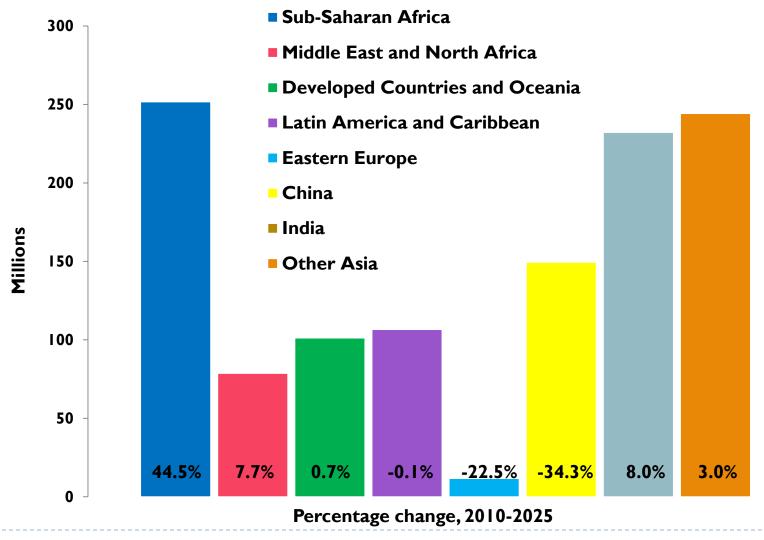
# Addressing the youth employment challenge

Maddalena Honorati Mattias Lundberg World Bank Safety Nets Core Course December 10, 2013

# The scale of the problem

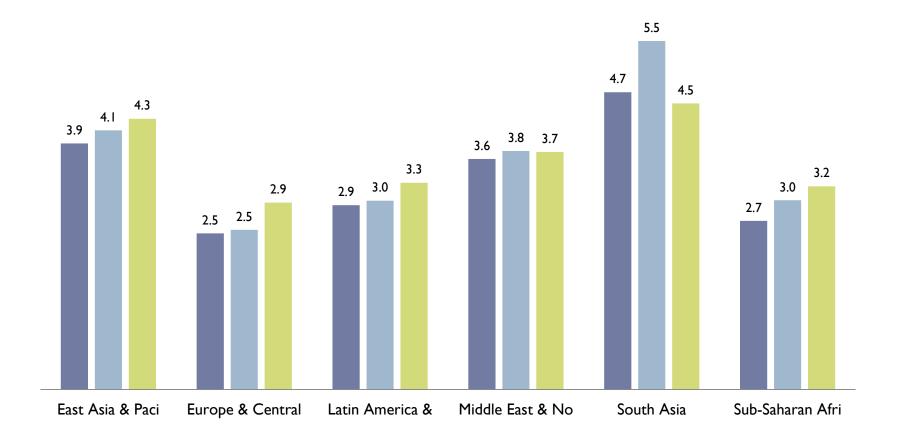
- 600 million jobs needed over next 15 years to keep employment rates constant.
- 621 million young people neither working nor studying.
- 1.5 billion working on the farm and in selfemployment.
- 10 million per year entering the labor force in sub-Saharan Africa.
- I0 million per year entering the labor force in Asia.

### Population 15-24, 2025



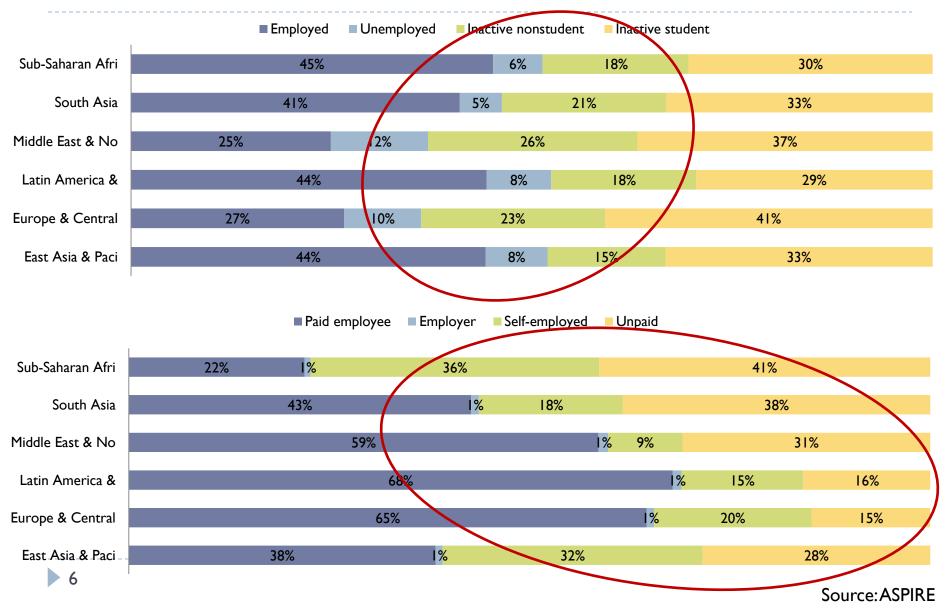
#### **Ratio of Youth to Adult Unemployment rates**

Total Urban Rural

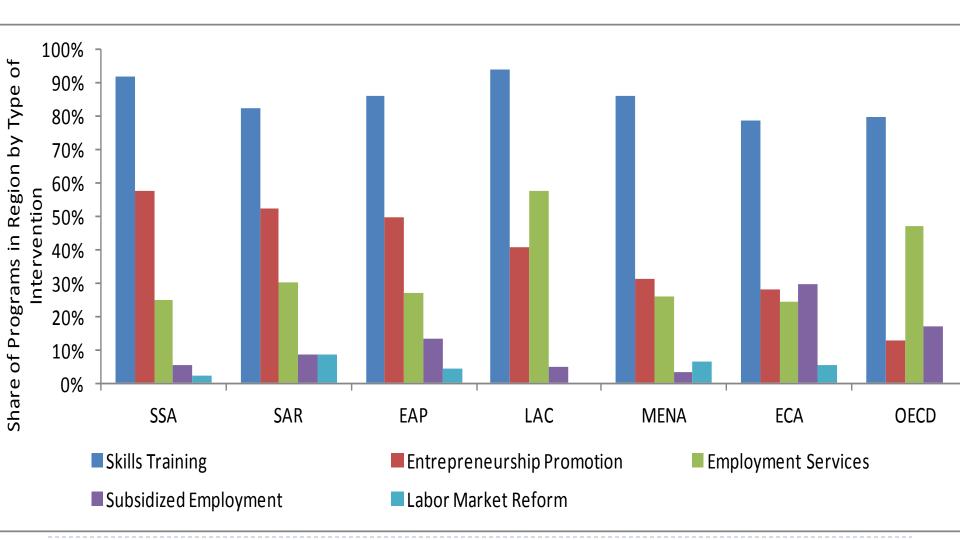


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#### **Un- and under-employment**



#### What have countries done?



#### Source: WB calculations from Youth Employment Inventory

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## **Outstanding questions for discussion**

- Do youth bulges lead to unemployment?
- Does unemployment lead to unrest and violence?
- Does it matter that young people are more likely to be unemployed than older people?
- Is unemployment the most important problem facing youth?
- Should we target jobs to young people or have untargeted programs for the general population?

# **Outstanding questions for discussion**

- What kind of skills really matter for success in the labor market or in self-employment?
- Should we target high-flying "gazelles" with great entrepreneurial potential, or should we focus on skills for self-employment among the poor?
- How can you deliver effective skills training to poor young people with few assets and little education?
- Are young people more likely to be credit constrained? If so, why?